**Category I**: The objective is to protect the public health. Immunization is strongly recommended by law.

**Category II**: The objective is to protect the individual's health. This is available on request.

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*1* Category I: The objective is to protect the public health. Immunization is strongly recommended by law.

*2* Category II: The objective is to protect the individual's health. This is available on request.

*3* 60-64 year-old persons who have severe disorders of the heart, kidney, respiratory organs, or from the human immunodeficiency virus

*4* Newborn babies from HBs antigen positive mothers should receive anti-HBs human immunoglobulin (HBIG) and HB vaccine. HBIG is intramuscularly injected to the neonates within 48 hr and 2-3 months after birth, followed by hepatitis B vaccine starting at the time of the second immunoglobulin injection. The vaccine is given three times; the first two doses at one month apart and the third one in three months after the first dose. This is covered by health insurance.

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**OPV**: oral poliovirus

**DTaP**: diphtheria and tetanus toxoids and acellular pertussis vaccine

**DT**: diphtheria and tetanus toxoids

**BCG**: bacille Calmette-Guérin

**PPD**: purified protein derivative

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**Immunization Schedule, Japan 2002**

- **Polio (OPV)**
- **DTaP/DT**
- **Measles**
- **Rubella**
- **Japanese encephalitis**
- **Influenza**
- **BCG**
- **PPD (−) ve**
- **Varicella (Chickenpox)**
- **Mumps**
- **Hepatitis B**

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- **Immunization Law**
- **Voluntary Vaccination**
- **Prevention Law**
- **Tuberculosis Prevention Law**

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**shot**

- **age regularly vaccinated**
- **age vaccination is regulated**
- **age vaccinated**
- **revaccination of PPD (−) ve**

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**Temporary Schedule (until 9/30/2003)**

- **Program of prevention of mother-to-child infection**

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**Note**: The above schedule is subject to change.